

### **Kumari Bank Limited**

# Disclosure Under Basel III as at 13 April 2021

# (Third Quarter for F/Y 2020/21)

#### **Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy**

Tier I Capital and breakdown of its components

	Particular	Amount				
(A)	Tier 1 Capital [Core Capital (CET 1 + AT 1)]	16,963,898,079				
Co	mmon Equity Tier 1 (CET 1)	16,963,898,079				
a	Paid up Equity Share Capital	13,878,474,836				
b	Equity Share Premium	88,804,041				
c	Proposed Bonus Equity Shares	1				
d	Statutory General Reserves	2,573,120,208				
e	Retained Earnings	(776,273,770)				
f	Unaudited current year cumulative profit/(loss)	1,808,483,530				
g	Capital Redemption Reserve	281,250,000				
h	Capital Adjustment Reserve	30,494,232				
i	Dividend Equalization Reserves	-				
j	Other Free Reserve	-				
	Less: Goodwill	88,804,041				
	Less: Intangible Assets	207,531,292				
	Less: Deferred Tax Assets	-				
	Less: Fictitious Assets	-				
	Less: Investment in equity of institutions with financial interests	220,000,000				
	Less: Purchase of land & building in excess of limit and unutilized	404,119,665				
Ad	Additional Tier 1 (AT1)					

### Tier II Capital and breakdown of its components

	Particular	Amount		
a	Cumulative and/or Redeemable Preference Share	-		
b	Subordinated Term Debt	3,000,000,000		
c	Hybrid Capital Instruments	-		
d	Stock Premium	-		
e	General Loan Loss Provision	1,598,386,231		
f	Exchange Equalization Reserve	52,498,686		
g	Investment Adjustment Reserve	1,800,000		
h	Assets Revaluation Reserve	69,419,000		
i	Other Reserves	-		
	Total Tier II Capital	4,722,103,917		
Tot	Total Capital Fund (Tier I and Tier II) 21,686,001,996			

### **Details of Subordinated Term Debt**

The bank has issued RS 3,000.00 million 10.25% Kumari Bank Debenture 2086 in fiscal year 2076-77

The main features of the debenture are as follows

Issue Year : FY 2076-77 Maturity Year : FY 2086-77

Issue Amount: NPR 3,000,000,000.00 Interest Rate: 10.25% per annum Interest Payment: half yearly

**Total Qualifying Capital** 

	Particular	Amount
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1)	16,963,898,079
2	Additional Tier 1 (AT1)	-
3	Supplementary Capital (Tier 2)	4,722,103,917
Total C	apital Fund	21,686,001,996

**Capital Adequacy Ratios** 

S.N.	Particular	Current Year (%)
a	Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio	10.94%
b	Core Capital Ratio - Tier 1	10.94%
С	Total Capital Adequacy Ratio (Tier 1 and Tier 2)	13.98%

### **Risk Exposures**

Risk weighted exposures under each 11 categories of Credit Risk:

S. No.	Particular	Amount
a	Claims on government and central bank	-
b	Claims on other official entities	-
c	Claims on banks	2,603,350,096
d	Claims on Corporate and securities firms	87,460,911,198
e	Regulatory Retail Portfolio	19,940,999,423
f	Claims secured by residential properties	3,121,341,587
g	Claims secured by Commercial real estate	630,783,208
h	Past due claims	1,227,524,075
i	High Risk claims	7,105,264,493
j	Lending against securities (bonds & shares)	4,372,789,012
k	Other Assets	6,455,810,182
1	Off Balance Sheet Exposures	11,349,228,448
	Total	144,268,001,722

Risk Weighted Exposures for Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk

S. No.	Particular	Amount
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	144,268,001,722
2	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	4,893,739,882
3	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	260,949,776
	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	149,422,691,380
	% of Total Deposit due to Insufficient Liquid Assets	-
	Addition to RWE as per supervisory review (3%)	4,482,680,741
	Add: 3% Capital Charge according to New Capital	1,227,877,200
	Adequacy Framework as per 6.4a7	1,227,077,200
	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	155,133,249,322

**Total Risk Weighted Exposure Calculation Table** 

S. No.	Particular	Amount
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	144,268,001,722
2	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk 4,893,73	
3	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	260,949,776
4	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	149,422,691,380
	% of Total Deposit due to Insufficient Liquid Assets	-
	Addition to RWE as per supervisory review (3%)	4,482,680,741
	Add: 4% Capital Charge according to New Capital Adequacy Framework as per 6.4a7	1,227,877,200
	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	155,133,249,322
5	Total Capital Fund	21,686,001,996
6	Capital Fund to Risk Weighted Exposure	13.98

### Amount of Non-Performing Loan (Gross and Net)

S. NO.	Loan Type	Gross Amount	Provision	Net Amount
1	Restructure/Reschedule Loan	-	-	-
2	Substandard Loan	428,478,108	107,119,527	321,358,581
3	Doubtful Loan	230,846,282	115,423,141	115,423,141
4	Loss Loan	811,908,724	811,908,724	-

S. NO.	Particulars	(%)
1	Gross NPAs to Gross Advances	1.09
2	Net NPAs to Net Advances	0.33

# **Movement of Non Performing Assets**

S. NO.	Particular	Previous Quarter	<b>Current Quarter</b>	Additional / (Write back)
1	Non Performing Loans	1,271,923,724	1,471,233,114	199,309,390

Write Off of Loan and Interest Suspense

S. NO.	Particular	Amount
1	Loan Write Off	-
2	Interest Suspense Write Off	-

**Movement of Loan Loss Provision and Interest Suspense** 

S. NO.	Particular	Previous Quarter	<b>Current Quarter</b>	Additional
1	Loan Loss Provision	2,596,313,434	2,632,837,623	36,524,188
2	Interest Suspense	1,228,934,393	1,517,602,984	288,668,591

### Details of additional loan loss provision

Current year's amount in Rs.

S.N.	Loan Classification	Additional Provision
1	Pass	200,686,762
2	Watch list	(18,377,891)
2	Restructured / Reschedule	
3	Sub - Standard	46,303,355
4	Doubtful	(82,087,416)
5	Loss	(151,665,519)
	Total	(5,140,710)

### Segregation of investment portfolio

Amount in Rs.

S.N.	Investment category	Current Year
1	Held for trading	128,110,249
2	Held to maturity	610,801,875
3	Available for sale	645,885,051
	Total	1,384,797,174

#### Bank's internal approach to assess capital adequacy

Bank's management regularly reviews Bank's capital adequacy. Plans and budgets are prepared on the basis of current and projected capital adequacy. Bank's plan and investment decision is based on at what level of capital adequacy it wants to remain at.

### **Risk Management Function**

### Risk Assessment/Mitigation Practices at Kumari Bank Limited

Considering the need to establish effective Risk Management and Risk Mitigation practices at Kumari Bank Ltd, we have developed a system of continuous improvement of processes wherein each member of the Bank works towards balancing profitability with prudence. The system encompasses all banking functions from client interface, to back office operation, to the strategic decision formulated by the management committees and the Board of Directors. Each area has its own check and balance procedure to assess and mitigate risks involved. The practices thus observed are as follows:

#### **KBL Organization Structure**

The bank's lending approval authority is divided into two distinct units, namely Business and Risk Management. While the Business Unit concentrates more on optimum utility of assets, every lending decision of this Unit is re-assessed and revaluated by the Risk Management Unit for final approval. The Risk Management Unit applies its objective judgment on risk variables deemed appropriate in each instance of lending decision. For this purpose, the Risk Management Unit has two distinct subunits, the Risk Approval Department, which facilities final lending decision after duly adjusting risks as mitigated to an acceptable level, and the Credit Administration and Control Department , which evaluates the endorsed paperwork prior to actual sanction, and also after it.

Depending upon the volume of loans and the nature of risk associated, lending decision are subject to validation and approval by various levels of the hierarchy, in which some lending decision are to be approved by the General Manager, and other by even the Board of Directors as each case may require.

#### **Risk Measurement Criteria and Mitigation Process**

Credit risks are evaluated from the initial customer interface on an array of risk variables by the Credit Policy Guidelines of the Bank, as well as on the individual intuition of experienced officers. As proposals are escalated for approval, judgmental and analytical criteria become broader and more conceptual.

Kumari Bank Ltd. uses the best practices in banking, to make its operation secure through a system of procedural crosschecking mechanism in each operational transaction. An Internal Audit Department, which also doubles as the Concurrent Audit Department system, continuously functions to alert bank personnel to the meticulousness required in handling operations in every functional department. A credit monitoring system is well established in the Bank, which periodically checks on credit quality, compliance, and level of risk exposure. This practice has created a continuous learning and improvement environment, and the Bank's efficiency goal has been to move towards the most prudent practices in the industry.

Types of eligible credit risk mitigants used and the benefits availed under CRM -

ParticularEligible CRMDeposit with Bank & Cash Margin857,920,000Total857,920,000